

MAF6:SE

Freshwater Green Algae

Stock solutions in g / 1000 ml water			for 1 litre final medium
(1)	9	NaNO ₃	100.0 ml
	0.022 g 0.030 g	NH_4NO_3 $MgSO_4.7H_2O$	
	0.010 g	K ₂ HPO ₄ .3H ₂ O	
	0.005 g	KH ₂ PO ₄	
	0.010 g	CaCl ₂ .2H ₂ O	
	4.0 g	MES	
(2)	trace element s	olution (see below)	6.0 ml
(3)	vitamin B ₁ (see	below)	1.0 ml
(4)	vitamin B ₁₂ (see below)		1.0 ml

Make up to 1 litre with distilled water. pH is adjusted to 6.6. Autoclave at 15 psi for 15 minutes.

30.0 ml

Trace element solution (2)

(5) soil extract SE2 (see overleaf)

Add to 1000 ml of distilled water 0.75 g Na_2EDTA and the minerals in exactly the following sequence:

FeCl ₃ .6H ₂ O	97.0 mg
MnCl ₂ .4H ₂ O	41.0 mg
ZnCl ₂ .6H ₂ O	5.0 mg
CoCl ₂ .6H ₂ O	2.0 mg
Na ₂ MoO ₄ .2H ₂ O	4.0 mg

Vitamin B_1 (3)

0.12 g Thiaminhydrochloride in 100 ml distilled water. Filter sterile.

Vitamin B_{12} (4)

0.1 g Cyanocobalamin in 100 ml distilled water, take 1 ml of this solution and add 99 ml distilled water. Filter sterile.



SE2 (Soil Extract 2)

Freshwater and terrestrial protozoa

Preparing the soil

Site selection for a good soil is very important and for most purposes a soil from undisturbed deciduous woodland is best. Sites to avoid are those showing obvious signs of man's activity and particular care should be taken to avoid areas where fertilizers, crop sprays or other toxic chemicals may have been used.

A rich loam with good crumb structure should be sought. Stones, roots and larger invertebrates should be removed during an initial sieving through a 1 cm mesh. The sieved soil should be spread to air dry and hand picked for smaller invertebrates and roots. It should be turned periodically and picked over again. When dry it may be sieved through a finer mesh (2-4 mm) or stored as it is prior to

Medium

Soil is prepared as above. 105 g of air-dried sieved soil and 660 ml of deionized water are placed in a 1 litre bottle and autoclaved once at 15 psi for 15 minutes, then again after 24 hours. The contents of the bottle are left to settle (usually for at least a week) and then the supernatant is decanted and filtered. The final pH should be 7.0 - 8.0.